



# SPO

## SUPER ORGANISM CHAIN

IoT ecosystem based on blockchain

WHITEPAPER

V.0.0





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## Summary

Super organism Chain is an intelligent and reliable decentralized blockchain platform designed to reshape the value ecology of the Internet of Things and the value of data. The current Internet of Things terminals and the amount of data generated therefrom are increasing day by day. For Internet of Things companies, the pressure to innovate their business models is becoming more and more urgent. It is not just about perfecting the well-known framework of the public and simplifying the original business model. It is necessary to gain competitive advantages from new technologies and new opportunities. Therefore, we believe that IoT companies need to fundamentally change their traditional methods of value creation and value acquisition. On the other hand, more and more data is generated by terminal devices and the joint actions of people and terminals, but the value and ownership of data have never been truly attributed, evaluated, quantified, and used. As a data producer, users never own it and benefit from it, and the value of data is split into islands without an effective interworking mechanism. However, we believe that the data generated by the joint actions of users and terminals is one of the most valuable data in human life. Super organism Chain will realize the ecological value of the Internet of Things industry through self-developed IoT smart terminal industry public chain



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technology and solutions Reconstruction and confirmation of data value and transactions.

The products and technologies of the super organism chain will achieve the following three stages:

First, build a public chain of industry value and build an IoT value ecosystem. Super organism Chain develops a decentralized value public chain based on the application characteristics of the Internet of Things industry, supports multiple industry applications, provides hardware smart chips, SDK and other adaptation solutions, combines cryptography technology, distributed architecture, and adopts DPOS consensus The main chain is to build a secure, decentralized blockchain network that supports high concurrency.

Second, the decentralized data trading platform realizes the circulation of terminal data value. Super organism Chain will solve the data value problem of IoT terminals, realize users' data rights and value transactions through a decentralized trading platform, and protect the data value of users and devices.

Third, realize the interconnection of all things and terminal value transactions. In the huge network of Internet of Everything, a blockchain



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decentralized and trusted environment realizes the value exchange between terminals.

Finally, the vision of the Super organism Chain is to use the blockchain to activate the huge Internet of Things industry, and people and terminals have become a component of the Super organism Chain blockchain network, forming a transaction based on the use rights and ownership of terminals, services, and data. Carrier value ecological economic community.



# **1. INDUSTRY OVERVIEW**





## 1. Industry Overview

### 1.1 Development and current status of the IoT

The Internet connects people all over the world to form a virtual online world. Through the connection of people, countless information and resources, the rapid flow will create new wealth and form a new economy. The Internet of Things is an extension of the Internet, connecting "everything" through technologies such as sensors and (RFID) radio frequency identification. Although the Internet has transformed the traditional economy and brought new vitality, there are still obstacles in the virtual world and the real world. The Internet of Things expands the connection, opens up the virtual world and the real world, and forms a new world of interconnection.

Each device in the Internet of Things can act as an independent business entity, sharing capabilities and resources with other devices at a low transaction cost. On the Internet of Things, each device can report its own status. Such as smart watches, smart bracelets or even your home refrigerator, these devices can collect and transmit data through the Internet, forming our big data world.

In 2015, the global Internet of Things market reached 62.4 billion US dollars, a year-on-year increase of 29%. The global IoT device market size





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is expected to reach US\$103.6 billion by 2018, and the compound growth rate from 2015 to 2018 will reach 21%, and the number of new IoT device access will increase from 1.691 billion in 2015 to 30.54 in 2019 100 million units.

### **1.2 Problems faced by the Internet of Things industry**

With the continuous advancement of technology, the development and application of Internet of Things technology has achieved remarkable results in recent years. However, the Internet of Things technology is also facing many problems and challenges. The key issues that are more prominent are as follows:

Waste of terminal resources. The use of a large number of IoT infrastructure is not perfect, resulting in idle resources. Many IoT manufacturers and users have not benefited from IoT data and terminals.

It is difficult to form a valuable ecosystem. Although more and more terminals have solved the needs of users, Internet of Things companies generally lack operating mechanisms and capabilities, and manufacturers and users cannot maintain the user ecology, nor can they



form an incentive mechanism, and ultimately cannot form a relationship between users and manufacturers. Positive circulation ecosystem.

Defects of the centralized system. It is the lack of mutual trust mechanism between devices. All devices need to be checked with the data of the Internet of Things center. Once the database collapses, it will cause great losses to the entire Internet of Things.

A large amount of valuable data created by users is idle or misappropriated. The centralized IoT platforms of terminal equipment companies or service providers mostly have the authority to collect and analyze user data and control user devices without user authorization, which poses a great threat to user privacy and security.

### **1.3 Blockchain application IoT industry**

The blockchain is called a distributed ledger and is an Internet database. It is characterized by decentralization, openness and transparency, so that everyone can participate in database records. After the emergence of smart contracts, the blockchain will evolve from the recorder of information to the executor of the transaction. Low-cost automated transactions can greatly reduce the cost of value exchange, combined



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with the Internet of Things to develop previously unimagined application scenarios. Blockchain technology can not only provide a suitable solution for recording the data of all IOT units, but also ensure that once the data is recorded, it cannot be changed later. In response to the current problems facing the Internet of Things industry, blockchain technology will be used to solve the following problems:

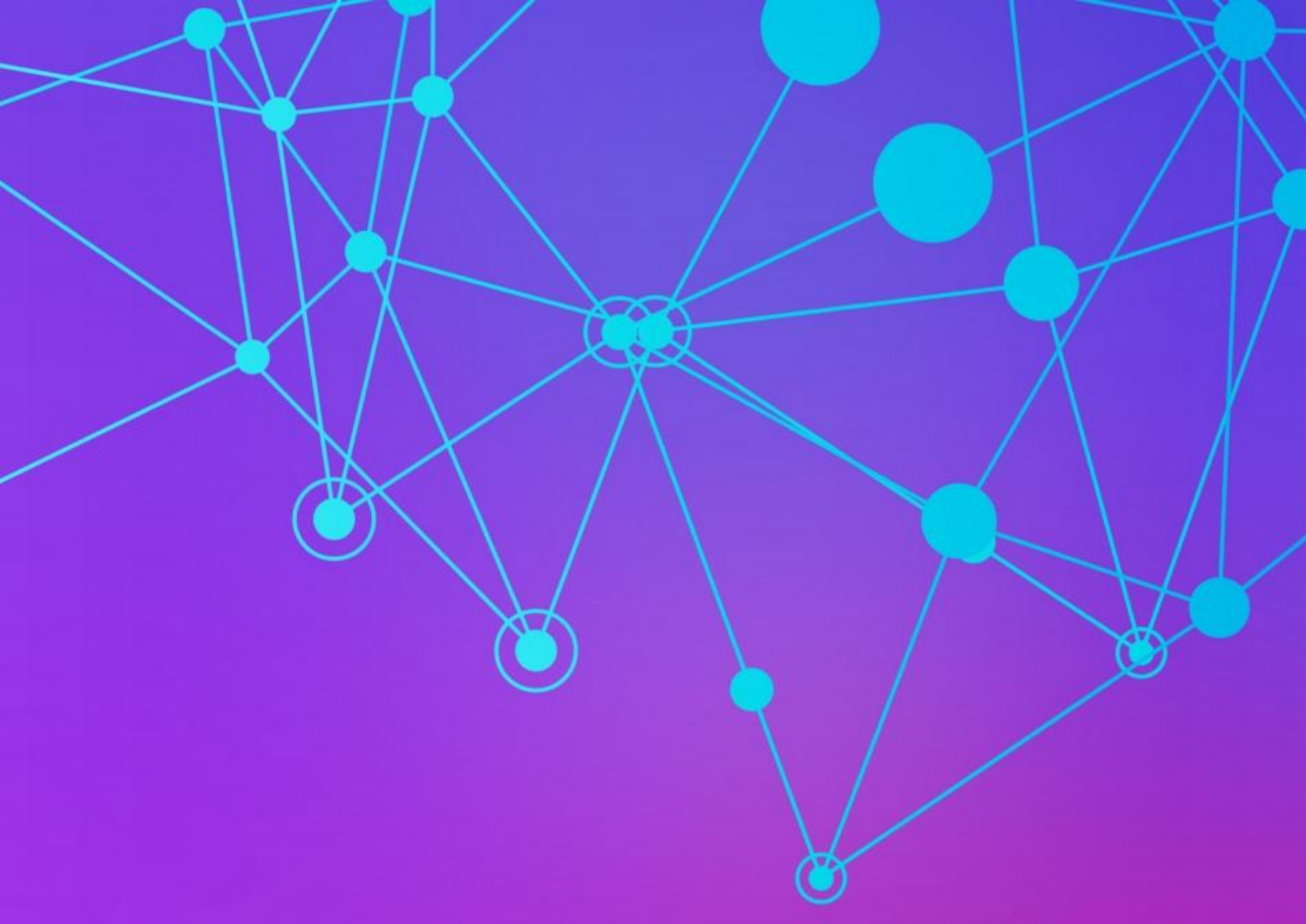
- (1) The distributed ledger ensures that the data is not modified and unique;
- (2) Smart contracts ensure transaction reliability and high efficiency;
- (3) Point-to-point distributed data transmission and storage structure;
- (4) Data encryption protection and verification mechanism in distributed environment;

Super organism Chain will establish a blockchain ecosystem based on the core needs of the Internet of Things value circulation. Super organism Chain uses the blockchain to change the existing centralized trading platform of the Internet of Things industry. By using Super organism Chain Token to realize the quantification and value circulation of terminal and data within the platform, the ecological value of the



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Internet of Things is enhanced. At the same time, as a value chain of the Internet of Things industry, the hyper-biological chain combines multiple scenarios in the Internet of Things industry to provide in-depth coverage and application, and will apply blockchain technology to more new businesses.



## **2. TECHNOLOGY ARCHITECTURE**

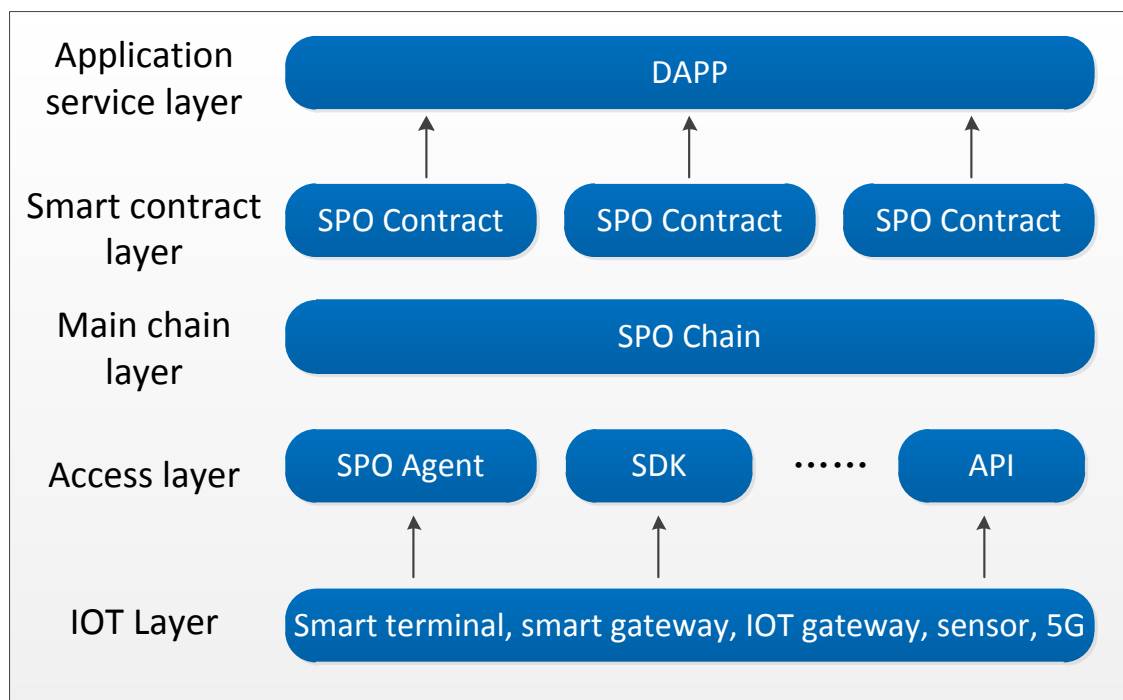




## 2. Technology Architecture

### 2.1 Super organism chain system architecture

The super organism chain system architecture is divided into IOT layer, access layer, main chain layer, contract layer and application service layer.



Notes on system architecture:

IOT layer:

Super organism Chain will cooperate with Internet of Things manufacturers in an in-depth manner, and continue to build a cooperative ecological chain on the premise of enhancing the use of terminal value as a benefit-sharing.



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## Access layer

Super Biochain provides a series of smart chips, SDKs and APIs to help developers access the blockchain network and build decentralized applications.

## Main chain:

The main chain of the super organism chain optimizes the DPoS consensus mechanism and greatly improves performance, which can meet the high concurrency environment of the Internet of Things. Smart contracts are used in the Internet of Things field to implement commercial contracts. According to different application scenarios, a smart contract module that can automatically execute preset logic can be selectively added.

## Application service layer

Developers can develop and submit DAPPs according to the platform's application development rules and business code of conduct and in accordance with relevant specifications.

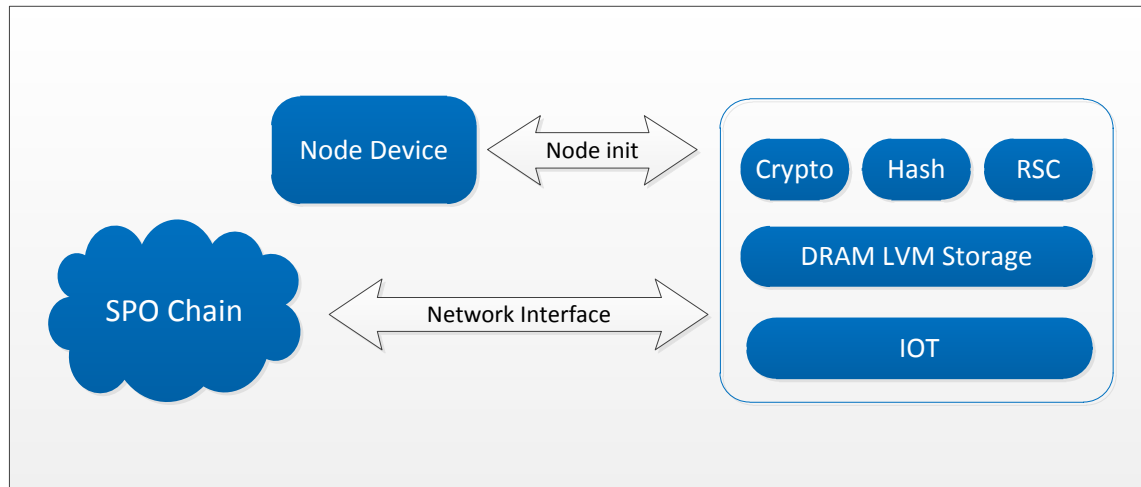
## 2.2 Smart Chip SPO Agent

The super organism chain Agent (hereinafter referred to as SPO Agent) is built on the basis of a dedicated security chip. The structure



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diagram is as follows



The SPO Agent is designed based on a dedicated security chip, which provides better security and performance power consumption characteristics, and the size of the shape can also be smaller, which is more conducive to system integration. The hardware-level trusted computing system improves the overall trust level of the shared network and provides a reliable basic guarantee for the development of the shared network.

The super organism chain connects the entire ecology through the IOT Agent. Each super organism chain node has one and only one super organism chain agent based on a dedicated smart chip. The core functions of SPO Agent include: node authentication, node asset management, service measurement and distribution control, service price evaluation, service billing and settlement. The super organism chain connects these nodes through SPO Agent to realize the exchange



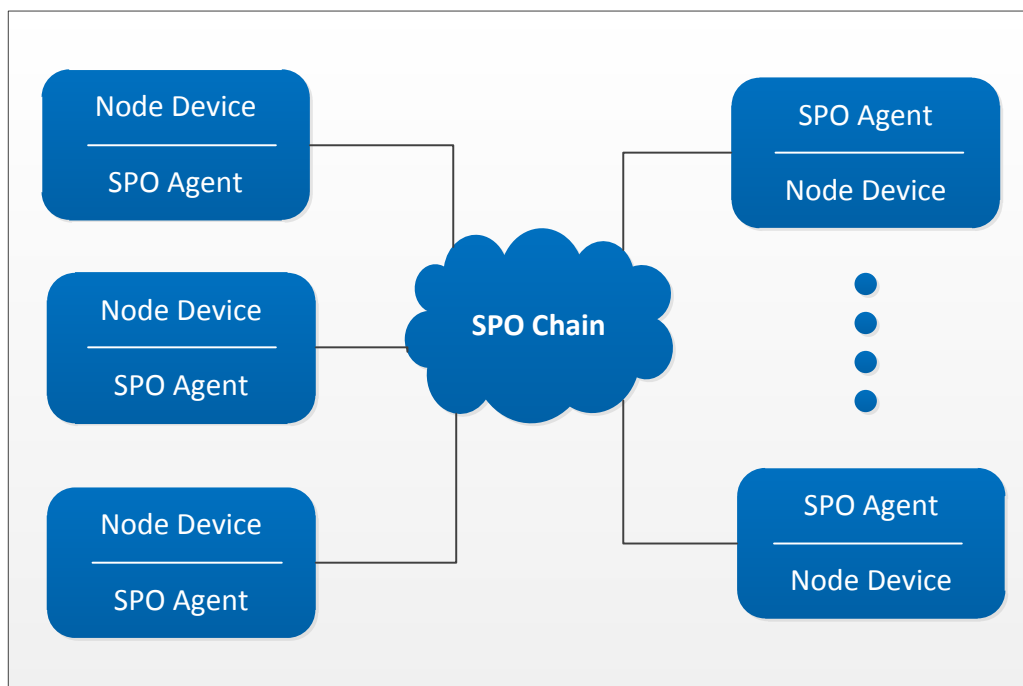


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of shared value.

## Node authentication

SPO Agent authenticates the legitimacy of shared nodes. As the security unit of shared network authentication, SPO Agent itself already has the basic legality granted by shared network. At the same time, for the node of the nature of electronic information equipment, it also undertakes the function of identifying the legality of the equipment system related to the node.



## Node asset management



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The SPO Agent is responsible for receiving, paying, and custody of the digital currency assets of the nodes, and functions as an electronic wallet.

The SPO Agent is also responsible for managing other assets owned by the node in the shared network, for example, the data asset information stored by the node in the shared storage and the shared service information being provided to the outside world.

### Service description

The SPO Agent provides the shared service information provided by the node to the shared network on behalf of the node, including the service type and service definition.

### Matching transactions

SPO Agent provides service quotation to the shared network on behalf of the node, including supply quotation and demand quotation, and based on the price of Party B and the price of the service counterparty, within the scope of the fair rules, coordinate the matching transaction on the principle of benefit to Party B.

### Service metering and distribution control

SPO Agent collaborates with the shared network to accurately measure the services provided or received by the node in a fair manner, record



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unsettled service measurement information, and coordinate the process and steps of providing or receiving services by the node. For example, in the process of sharing storage services, coordinate tasks such as data sending, confirmation, and daily health inspection of stored data at this node.

### Billing settlement

SPO Agent manages the settlement, transfer and other matters of deposits, instalments, and balances based on the established matching transaction contract.

## 2.3 Super organism chain public chain

The super organism chain adopts DPoS as its consensus mechanism to improve and optimize the distribution of rights and interests after the block is generated without consuming additional computing power. It can also dynamically determine the smart contract verification by the agent or all nodes according to the transaction status of the network Results of the.

Super organism Chain will release Token as an important economic means for community incentives and consensus mechanism. Holding Token can not only obtain contract release, network fork and other



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blockchain basic services, but also participate in voting and become a proxy node to provide services and receive token awards. Xun, each token holder is called a stakeholder, and the corresponding voting weight is allocated according to the number of tokens held. The proxy node is selected by the stakeholders. The top 99 agents with the largest number of votes in turn verify transactions in turn, and the order is determined jointly by all agent nodes, and it is guaranteed that they cannot be tampered with. Agents can get profits by working normally, otherwise they will be punished if they work abnormally or not.

After optimization, the consensus mechanism can further enhance the network transaction capabilities. For example: For some smart contracts that take a long time to execute or occupy a large amount of internal state space. The agent only packages the hash value of the resulting transaction, and all nodes verify the hash value by themselves. While satisfying the rapid verification of smart contracts, it also reduces the congestion of the entire network. In addition, we have made some optimizations on the consensus algorithm to avoid the agent nodes being fixed and avoid gradually becoming a centralized network.

At the same time, the super organism chain supports the IOT protocol. All IOT vendors can issue their own tokens based on this agreement.



## 2.4 Smart Contract

The super organism chain provides Turing complete smart contracts. IOT manufacturers can publish their own smart contracts on their own to build their own value-added services.

With the help of modular design tools, we abstract and simplify the blockchain. By separately constructing a modular virtual machine Lua virtual machine (hereinafter referred to as LVM) to run smart contracts, such a design can bring two benefits.

It is to optimize the performance of LVM and directly improve the efficiency of contract execution and reduce the interference factors caused by system coupling; the second is to weaken the correlation between the blockchain network and the operation status of smart contracts, even if there is a problem with the execution of the contract or the virtual machine runs abnormally, the blockchain The stability of the network can still be guaranteed.

## 2.5 Data Asset Platform

The interaction between people and terminals makes the Internet of Things devices collect a large amount of data of the physical world and life behaviors. The super-biological chain believes that users are the sole



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owners of these data, and advocates returning the data ownership and income rights to the users themselves.

Data generation, storage, transactions and other actions need to be authorized by users and carried out independently, and user privacy is protected by distributed storage technology. The user has the right to conduct pricing transactions on the data. The super organism chain data asset platform analyzes and screens through big data analysis technology to provide the matching data resources for the data demand side. The demand side can only use the super after paying the token and obtaining the user's consent. The biological chain data asset platform aims to enhance the value of data and return the value of data to users.

Taking the use scenario of an in-vehicle terminal as an example, the user generates data such as mileage and destination every day. After the user authorizes and agrees, the data is recorded on the main chain. Users can obtain tokens as rewards, and the data asset platform integrates resources based on these data to perform data analysis and ensure that the data is true and effective. The analyzed data can provide data services for loans, insurance, etc. The demand side uses the data to pay a certain amount of Token rewards to the data provider, that is, the user itself. It will greatly shorten the process of building trust between users and enterprises, and greatly improve the efficiency of cooperation.



## 2.6 Distributed Application DAPP

Distributed applications (DApps) are our user-oriented service products, which can be used by partners in the Internet of Things industry to conduct business. As long as users have wallets, they can easily use these services.

Users can create transaction services, set transaction terms, and receive payments. Buyers can view and obtain service information according to their needs, and can purchase services using tokens supported by the service.

DApp will provide a full-featured service. All our code, protocols and specifications will be open source. We hope that others will expand the code to create more applications.



### **3. APPLICATION SCENARIO**







## 3. Super organism chain application scenario

### 3.1 Intelligent Application of Intelligent Hardware in the IoT

Super organism Chain provides a decentralized blockchain technology platform for IoT intelligent terminals to realize data value sharing. Super organism Chain uses the original Super organism Chain Agent smart chip, aiming at the current idleness of resources of smart terminals and the difficulty of ecologicalization, etc. The problem is to use the Token mechanism to activate the product's use value and data sharing ecology. The Super organism Chain Foundation will form a shared cooperation alliance to support various hardware and software devices, and the development protocol supports the introduction of third-party development teams to continuously land Super organism Chain in a wider range of application scenarios.

At present, the super organism chain has carried out ecological cooperation with manufacturers including routers, robots, air purifiers, AI speakers and other categories.

For individuals or enterprises that have new digital asset release needs for different IoT application platforms, the super-biological chain asset issuance smart contract IOT\_coin can quickly release digital currency and apply it to business.



### 3.2 IoT sharing economy application

With the development and popularization of cloud computing, deep learning and blockchain technology, people's demand for computing power has become more and more urgent. More and more enterprises increase their computing power by horizontally expanding the computer room.

In fact, there is a kind of computing power around us that is wasted most of the time, and these computing power come from the electronic devices, personal computers, and even smartphones that we all have and are essential to life. Smart devices will not reach 100% of their performance 90% of the time they are used daily. In contrast, if we can use up to 90% of the idle computing power, it will be a very powerful computing resource.

The super organism chain connects the entire ecology through smart chips. Each super organism chain smart chip installed on the smart terminal is an independent node. These super terminals are connected through the super organism chain to realize shared value exchange. .



### 3.3 IoT data transaction application

Take the intelligent weather equipment terminal as an example. The device has built-in spherical objects with various sensors, equipped with sensors such as temperature, humidity, light, air pressure, ultraviolet rays, etc., which can measure the real-time weather conditions nearby. After the user purchases the device, they can start taking pictures of real-time weather conditions. More importantly, users can share these pictures through various channels, and become a meteorologist among friends. As long as you want, you can post real-time weather conditions through WeChat, Weibo or email. The whole sharing process is very simple.

This is a kind of resource sharing driven by pure hobbies. Users spontaneously share the data obtained by the terminal, but there is no obvious reward mechanism, resulting in the frequency and breadth of data sharing are not active. Therefore, it does not play the final effect of sharing.

Super organism Chain plans to reach a strategic cooperation with the equipment manufacturer to support the rapid support of access to meteorological equipment terminals through agreements, and calculate the value of users' shared data through smart contract terms to achieve token returns.



### 3.4 Internet of Things Smart Terminal Asset Trading

The smart contract based on the blockchain includes a transaction processing and saving mechanism, and a complete state machine for accepting and processing various smart contracts; and the transaction state processing and saving are completed on the blockchain. After the transaction and event information is transferred to the smart contract, the resource status in the contract resource collection will be updated, which in turn triggers the smart contract to judge the state machine.

Take the parking lot smart terminal transaction scheme as an example, using the contract scheme defined by the super organism chain. Both the parking gate and the vehicle support the smart contract mechanism. The gate control device can initiate parking charge information on the blockchain network and pay the number of tokens. ; Vehicles can automatically conduct Token settlement transactions with parking control equipment, the entire process is fast and efficient, and transaction information is recorded on the chain. The vehicle itself as an intelligent terminal can also obtain Token rewards through other contract terms such as trading data owned by the vehicle itself, thus forming a positive Token circulation ecological cycle.



## **4. PRODUCT PLANNING**





## 4. Product Planning

### 4.1 Product Planning

2020-04	Super organism chain project started
2020-08	Super Biochain Smart Hardware Blockchain Ecological Solution Release
2020-10	Super organism chain Eco Mall launched
2020-12	Smart chip Super organism chain Agent released
2021-02	Smart hardware product cooperation solution release
2021-05	Beta version of Super organism chain released
2021-09	Super organism chain wallet client goes online
2021-11	Super organism chain supports smart contract issuance and invocation
2022-02	Data asset platform goes online to support data contract transactions
2022-04	Form an integrated IoT industry blockchain application solution

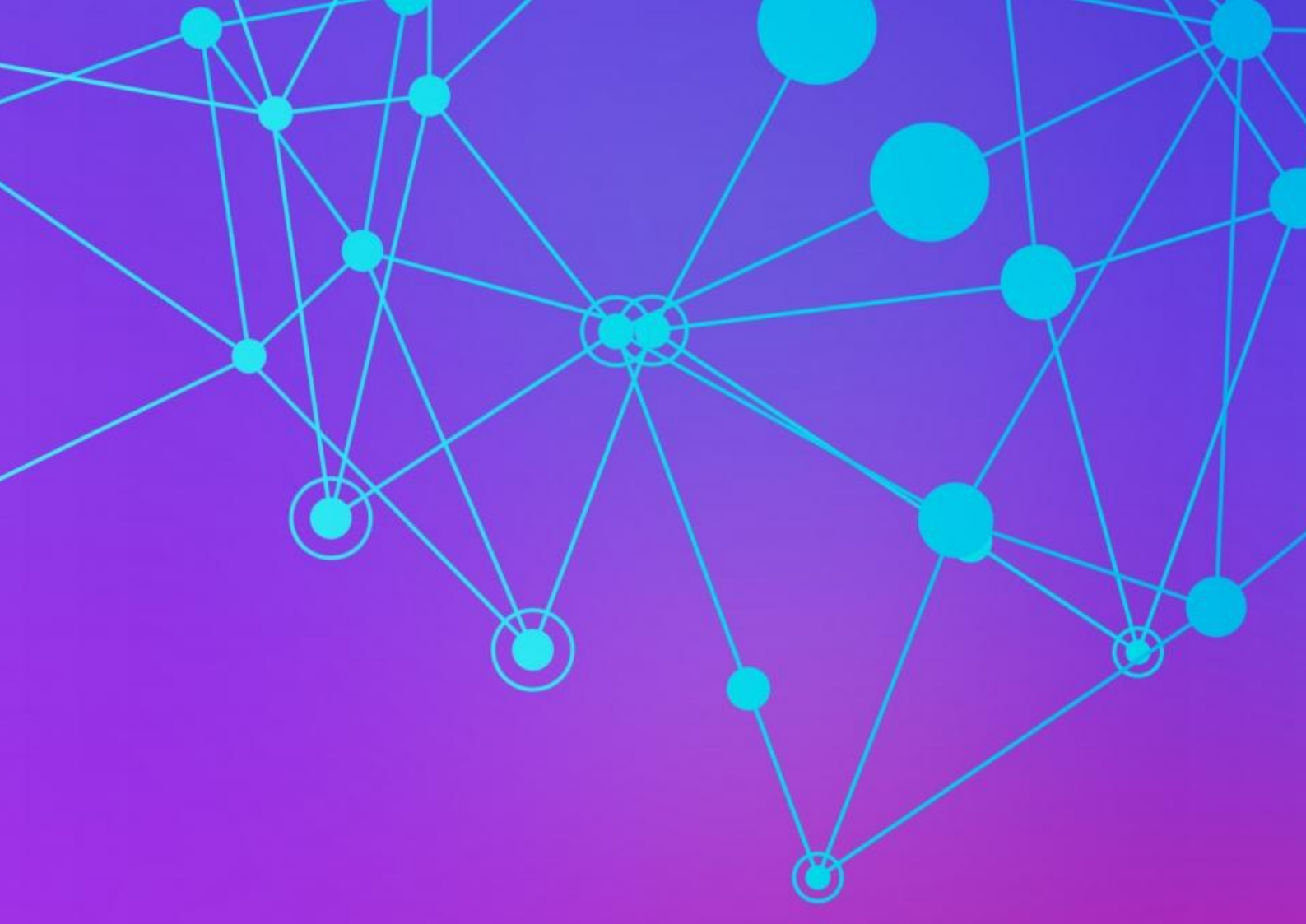
### 4.2 Project and ecological cooperation

Super organism Chain will cooperate with Internet of Things manufacturers in an in-depth manner, and continue to build a



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cooperative ecological chain on the premise of enhancing the use of terminal value as a benefit-sharing.



## **5. TOKEN ECONOMIC ECOLOGY**







## 5. Token economic ecology

### 5.1 Introduction to TOKEN

The token issued by the super organism chain is named SPO, and the total amount of global issuance is 50 million. The distribution plan of SPO is as follows:

15% is allocated to cornerstone investment for super organism chain development, market expansion, operation promotion, etc.

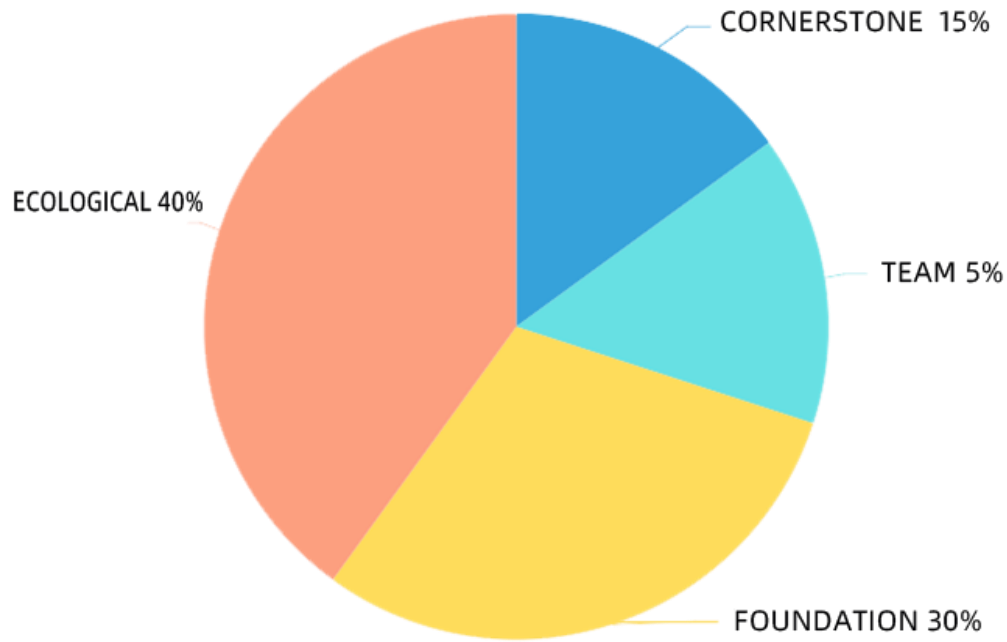
15% is allocated to the team for the maintenance of super organism chain technology and operation development, and SPO is issued in return.

30% is allocated to the foundation for the subsequent development of the foundation. Reward eco-participants based on joining time and contribution.

40% is allocated to ecological construction and is used for mining of super organism chain ecosystem.



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## 5.2 TOKEN value

The SPO Token of the Super organism Chain is based on a variety of smart hardware within the Super organism Chain Sharing Ecological Alliance, relying on the digital assets of the Super organism Chain.

SPO Token is used to encourage users to use smart hardware devices, and share idle resources of the devices. At the same time, users can obtain ecological partners through SPO to provide smart hardware products such as redemption, function upgrade, value-added and content and other services.



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With the increasing number of distributed nodes, the value of the super organism chain network will be greater and greater, and eventually build a blockchain smart device alliance.



## **6. TEAM INTRODUCTION**





## 6. Team Introduction

The super organism chain project team has a very experienced senior expert team, and the team members have many years of experience in the Internet of Things and blockchain industry. There are five core members in the Super Biochain project team, and dozens of excellent blockchain and Internet of Things technical experts and development engineers are gradually joining our team.

Chief sponsor: Watson

Senior entrepreneur and expert in the field of Internet of Things. He has been in the field of smart hardware for more than ten years and has been studying the blockchain industry for five years. He has a deep insight into the field of smart hardware and was invited to give a speech at major smart hardware equipment summits. Participate in leading the design of intelligent lighting architecture for international and domestic first-line lighting companies, and participate in the design of a large number of intelligent hardware architectures.

Co-sponsor: Alex

The first batch of technical talents who were exposed to the Bitcoin blockchain were proficient in Bitcoin, and had deeply participated in



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exchanges and mining technologies. Formed a blockchain team dedicated to solving the problem of data islands. Proficient in hyperledger, and have in-depth research and application of distributed file storage systems such as ipfs. Network security background, a deep understanding of cryptography. He has extensive experience in the fields of Internet finance, big data and computing advertising.

Marketing Director: Crick

He used to be the financial director of KERRY Asia Pacific, responsible for hundreds of millions of dollars worth of foreign exchange hedging in the Asia Pacific region, cross-border capital strategy planning, cash flow management, and banking business system construction (J.P. Morgan). Previously engaged in auditing and listing in KPMG China and Singapore. Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) Master of Business Administration (MBA). Certified Public Accountant in China, Singapore, United Kingdom (Chartered). Rich experience in financial management, financing and listing. Strong interest in financial technology innovation.

Technical Director: Dennis

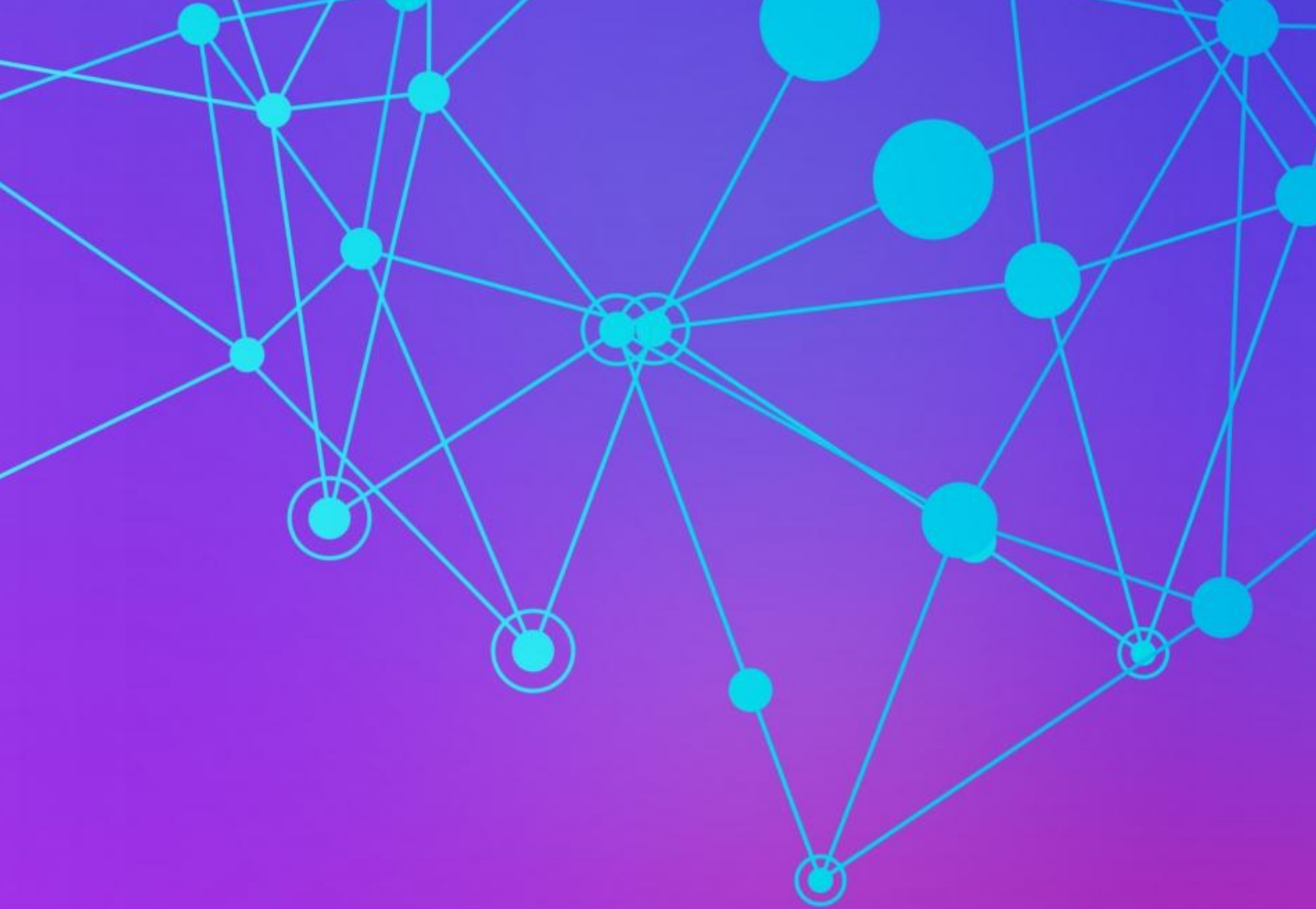


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Engaged in chip firmware development for 15 years, involving digital image and three-dimensional model retrieval, audio and video compression algorithm processing, bank card financial software. In-depth understanding of chip hardware, embedded software architecture, encryption algorithms.

Architect: Jame

Participated in the field of intelligent hardware for ten years, participated in leading the design of the intelligent lighting architecture design of a world's first lighting company, and had a deep understanding of blockchain technology for three years. Proficient in java, C++, ruby, mqtt, blockchain and other technologies.



## **7. ECOLOGICAL FUND**







## 7. Ecological Fund

Super organism Chain Global Ecological Fund is a blockchain parent fund with Super organism Chain Global Ecological Investment as its core, and manages financial assets in the blockchain field. Mainly engaged in the ecological construction of the super-biological chain global system as the core in the blockchain field, the ecological investment of the super-biological chain global, and the issuance of management fund financial products, media information, blockchain IPO, equity investment, and token economics. Research and other work is the world's first parent fund for the layout of the entire industrial chain of the upstream and downstream of the blockchain.

The Super Biochain Global Ecological Fund focuses on high-return cash flow investment projects, invests around the construction of the Super Biochain Ecosystem, and strictly controls the proposed investment projects from the perspectives of business model, underlying assets, founding team, and industry stage.

Its investment is positioned in three main directions:

1. Blockchain projects with high cash flow returns;



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2. Focus on the project investment of the super organism chain ecology and improve the construction of the super organism chain ecosystem;

3. Focus on value investment projects in the blockchain + financial industry;

The strategic goal of the Super Biochain Global Ecological Fund will be divided into two stages:

The first stage: to build a blockchain industry IoT ecological alliance with the core of the super organism chain as the core

The second stage: will be dedicated to building a decentralized asset circulation network.

In the future, the Super Biochain Global Ecological Fund will successively incubate the digital asset financial ecology, and at the same time continue to incubate the entire industrial chain of the upper, middle and lower reaches of the digital asset integrated trading platform. With SPO as the only economic token of the super organism chain ecology, it will continue to play a role Ecological kinetic energy, creating the world's first digital asset full industry chain ecosystem, empowering blockchain value circulation, and reshaping the new pattern of the global Internet of Things ecological market.



## **8. RISK WARNING**





## 8. Risk Warning

There are risks in the development, maintenance, and operation of the super organism chain project, many of which are beyond the control of the development team. In addition to the other contents described in this white paper, participants are fully informed and agree to accept the following risks:

### Market risk

The price of the super organism chain token is inseparable from the situation of the entire digital currency market. If the overall market situation is depressed or there are other uncontrollable factors, it may cause the super organism chain token itself to have a good prospect, but the price remains It has been underestimated for a long time.

### Regulatory risk

Since the development of blockchain is still in its early stages, there are no relevant regulatory documents related to pre-requirements, transaction requirements, information disclosure requirements, locking requirements, etc. in the global recruitment process. And it is not clear how the current policy will be implemented. These factors may have an uncertain impact on the investment and liquidity of the project.

### Competition risk

At present, there are many projects in the blockchain field, and the competition is very fierce. There is strong market competition and



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project operation pressure. And with the development of information technology and mobile Internet, the emergence of other application platforms and the continuous expansion, the super organism chain will face continuous operating pressure and certain market competition risks.

### Brain drain risk

Super Biochain has gathered a group of technical teams and consultant experts with leading advantages and rich experience in their respective professional fields, including many professionals who have long been engaged in the blockchain industry and core teams with rich experience in Internet product development and operations. The stability of the core team and consultant resources are of great significance for the super organism chain to maintain the core competitiveness of the industry.

### Risk of hacking or theft

Hackers or other organizations or countries have the possibility to interrupt the application or function of the super organism chain in any way, including but not limited to denial of service attacks, witch attacks, guerrilla attacks, malware attacks or consistency attacks.

### Risk of uninsured losses

Unlike bank accounts or accounts of other financial institutions, the assets stored in the super organism chain account are usually not



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protected by insurance. In any case, the loss will not be covered by any public individuals or organizations for your loss.

### Risks related to core agreements

The super organism chain is currently developed based on a specific chain. Although the team will choose the most secure and stable blockchain as the infrastructure, any failures in the chain, unpredictable functional problems or attacks may lead to super The biological chain stops working or lacks function in an unpredictable way.

### Systemic risk

The risk of neglected fatal flaws in software or large-scale failures of global network infrastructure. Although some of these risks will be greatly reduced over time, such as fixing vulnerabilities and breaking through computing bottlenecks, other risks are still unpredictable, such as political factors or natural disasters that may cause some or global Internet outages.

### Unforeseen other risks

Digital gold coins based on cryptography are a brand new technology. In addition to the risks mentioned in this white paper, there are some risks that the founding team has not mentioned or anticipated.



## **9. DISCLAIMER**





## 9. Disclaimer

This document is only for the purpose of conveying information, and the content of the document is for reference only, and does not constitute any trading advice, abetting or invitation to sell stocks or securities on the Super Biochain platform and its related companies. This document is not constituted or understood as providing any trading behavior, nor is it any form of contract or commitment.

In view of unpredictable circumstances, the goals listed in this white paper may change. Although the team will try its best to achieve all the goals of this white paper, all individuals and groups that purchase the super organism chain will be at their own risk.

This document is only for the purpose of actively requesting specific objects to understand the project information to convey the information. It does not constitute any future investment guidance, nor is it any form of contract or commitment.

The super organism chain clearly states that it will not bear the direct or indirect losses caused by the participants including:

(1) Once the participant participates in the super organism chain token distribution plan, it means that they understand and accept the project

Risk, and willing to bear all the corresponding consequences for





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this. The project team made it clear that it did not promise any return and did not bear any direct or indirect losses caused by the project.

(2) The token involved in this project is a virtual digital code used in the transaction, and does not represent the project's equity, income rights or control rights.

(3) Due to the many uncertainties in the digital currency itself (including but not limited to: the overall environment in which countries treat digital currency regulation, industry incentive competition, and technical vulnerabilities in the digital currency itself), we cannot guarantee that the project will be successful, and the project will have certain The risk of failure, the token of this project also has the risk of zeroing.

The team will strive to achieve the goals mentioned in the document, but based on the existence of force majeure, the team cannot make a full commitment. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, the team shall not be liable for damages and risks arising from participation, including but not limited to direct or indirect personal damages, loss of commercial profits, loss of business information, or any other economic loss responsibility.